

Institute for Statistics



### **UNESCO Conference on Education Data and Statistics** Position Papers Update



### Conference: 3 days at UNESCO Headquarters, Paris plus a pre-conference engagement day

Date	Session	Description
6 February	Pre-conference Engagement Day	Focused discussion on life-long learning dimensions coordinated by ED and partners.
7 – 8 February	Current challenges and proposed solutions for existing SDG indicators	<b>Position papers</b> were consulted with Member States and regional partners (October/November): focused on methodological and coverage challenges.
9 February	Partnerships and coordination of statistical and data systems and role of technology	<ul> <li>Collaboration with sister agencies (ILO, WHO, ITU, WFP, UNICEF) and cooperation at regional level</li> <li>Opportunities and challenges of technology</li> </ul>







## **Position papers cover critical topics**

### Topics

• ISCED

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- Administrative data
- Teachers
- Expenditure
- Household surveys
- Learning outcomes
- Benchmarks

### General structure

- Background
- Data sources
- Challenges
- Potential solutions
- Agenda forward







### Position paper on ISCED

#### **ISCED** Committee

- ISCED 2011 Manual recommends to form an ISCED Committee to support governance of ISCED (<u>https://uis.unesco.org/sites/default/files/documents/international-standard-</u> <u>classification-of-education-isced-2011-en.pdf</u>, p.23).
- Composed of education and classification experts from International Organisations and UNESCO Member States; balanced technically and geographically and reflects different types of education systems that exist globally.
- Recommendations of ISCED Committee are expected by mid-2024.

### Training and technical support to countries to improve consistency in classification of education programmes across countries

Implementation of the International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED):challenges and solutions forward



English - Spanish





### Position paper on administrative data

Addressing Quantity: improving international education data collection processes/approaches

- Expand the UIS dynamic template to more countries and provide technical support
- Apply business analytics in compiling and identifying data gaps

#### Addressing Quality constraints

- Develop a maturity model of EMIS to assess and guide countries, as well as prototypes of EMIS questionnaires
- Mapping data production systems in the country and elaborate a data production plan

#### Quality of analysis: non-compliance with standards, low data availability, data aggregates

- Design EMIS to populate key indicators linking with national education policies and plans including SDG4
- Develop tools to support countries report international data efficiently

#### Administrative education data: What are the challenges going forward?

English - Spanish







### 6 **Position paper on teachers**

#### Finalize the revision of the SDG framework

- Revise the indicator framework related to teacher preparedness
- Revise the indicator framework related to attracting and retaining teachers
- Implement ISCED-T
- Agree on global definitions for qualified and trained teacher

#### Improve data collection through better capacity building and innovation

- Update and review data collection instruments and strategy
- Define guidelines for country's data collection

#### Extend the link between 4.C framework and evidence-base on teacher training

- Build and maintain UIS knowledge-base on best-practice for teacher education
- Extend the teaching requirements and ISCED-T data collection to include key characteristics of teacher training

**Teachers' Indicators: What are the challenges going forward?** English - Spanish



# 7 **Position paper on expenditure**

#### Harmonizing FFA and SDG 1.a.2

• Create a menu of potential harmonization methods to inform decision-making.

#### Simplify the data collection instruments

 Provide clear guidelines to respondents on how to obtain the data needed to fill out the fields.

#### Improve household expenditure data

Develop and provide guidelines for household expenditure survey questionnaire design.

**Education Expenditure Indicators: What are the challenges going forward?** English - Spanish



### Position paper on household surveys

#### **Standardized Survey Instruments**

• Link survey questions to specific school years (SDG 4 reference periods).

#### **Guidelines for Processing**

Produce data production guidelines.

#### **HHS Data Repository**

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• Establish a repository for survey and census data.

Using household surveys to monitor SDG 4: What are the challenges going forward? English - Spanish





# **9** Position paper on Learning Outcomes (1)

#### **Assessment Harmonization.**

- Standardised blueprint is needed for evaluating assessments suitable for harmonization efforts. The proposed "Blueprint for Evaluating Assessments" provides a model.
- Context questionnaires enable disaggregation of data by student background to analyse inequalities. Systematic harmonisation of these questionnaires is an important next step.
- Data availability on learning outcomes remains uneven, especially for developing countries. Expanding quality assessment data globally is critical for SDG 4 monitoring.

Measuring and monitoring learning outcomes and skills: What are the challenges going forward? <u>English</u> - <u>Spanish</u>



### **10 Position paper on Learning Outcomes (2)**

#### Developing Innovative Methodologies on indicators with low coverage

- In the context of SDGs 4.7.4 and 4.7.5, the exploration of an AMPL approach rooted in existing assessments, such as the IEA International Civic and Citizenship Study (ICCS), could present a viable avenue for consideration.
- Advances in artificial intelligence present new opportunities to assess adult literacy and numeracy at scale by automating the analysis of available text and data sources.

#### Strengthening Stakeholder Collaboration and policy use

- Strengthening measurement approaches while building national capacity.
- Beyond measurement, findings must inform policy and practice reforms that improve access to quality education and promote lifelong learning for all.



# 11 **Position paper on benchmarks**

#### A sustained communication campaign

- Familiarize ministries of education and the general public with national SDG 4 benchmarks
- Improve dissemination

#### Introduction of an assessing process

 Give countries the opportunity to receive transparent updates on the assessment of their progress and to contest, seek clarifications or propose corrections to this assessment.

**Introduction of a process** that links assessment of progress with the monitoring of laws and policies

Setting and monitoring national SDG 4 benchmarks: What are the challenges going forward? English - Spanish





### Summary of regional consultations

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Region	Date	Mode	Link to outcome document
Pacific	3-5 October	In-person (Hybrid)	Outcome document
Arab States	16 October	Virtual	Outcome document
Asia	17-19 October	In-person (Hybrid)	Outcome document
Latin America and the Caribbean	2-3 November	Virtual	Outcome document
Africa	24 November	Virtual	Outcome document
OECD countries	27 November	Virtual	Outcome document
GAML meeting	6-7 December	ln-person (Hybrid)	
TCG meeting	11 December	Virtual	
African RECs co- hosted by ADEA	14 December	Virtual	
Global webinar	14 December	Virtual	





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