





United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

# **UIS Regional meeting: Pacific countries**

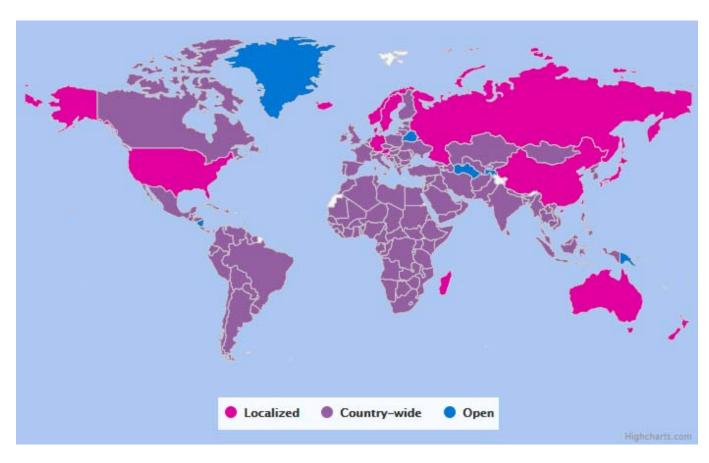


# Agenda

- General situation of COVID crisis around the world
- UNESCO's response to the pandemic and UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) measures to support Member States
- Data and indicators affected by the crisis
- Proposed indicators to monitor the effects and impacts
- Regional perspectives
- National experiences



## **Global Monitoring of School Closures Caused By COVID-19**



**1,268,164,088** affected learners

**72.4%** of total enrolled learners

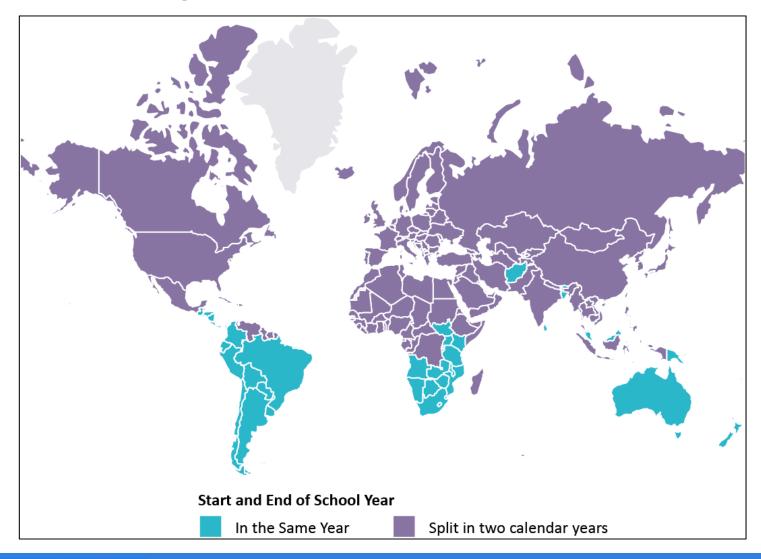
**177** country-wide closures

**Note**: Figures correspond to number of learners enrolled at pre-primary, primary, lower-secondary, and upper-secondary levels of education [ISCED levels 0 to 3], as well as at tertiary education levels [ISCED levels 5 to 8]. Enrolment figures based on latest <u>UNESCO Institute for Statistics data</u>.





# School Year split around the world





# School closures carry high social and economic costs

- **Interrupted learning**, especially among students in poverty, with little access to online education, and with learning disabilities.
- Lack of preparation in parents helping with distance education or home schooling, especially those parents with limited education and resources.
- Increased stress among teachers, especially those without training in distance education, where teaching resources may be unfamiliar, and larger shares of a teacher's personal time.
- **Increased stress among parents**, due to work-related issues, quarantine issues, and the potential for incidents of home violence.
- Increased probabilities of student drop out because of pressures on family income, often in combination with low quality of distance education.



### **UNESCO's COVID-19 Education Response**

- **Minister-level virtual meetings** for policy learning about efforts to initiate and scale up responses to school closures, building on the success of the UNESCO-organized 10 March virtual ministerial meeting.
- **Global Education Coalition** to support countries in scaling up distance learning practices and reaching children and youth who are most at risk.

#### **Monitoring**

- Global monitoring of country-wide and localized school closures and the number of learners affected.
- Follow up on the effect COVID-19 crisis: **joint UNESCO-World Bank-UNICEF questionnaire** on distant learning strategies.

#### UIS Follow up on the impact on data collection

 Regional virtual meetings to better understand the disruption of national data collection systems and national data strategies to follow-up on crisis

https://en.unesco.org/covid19/educationresponse/globalcoalition



# Which and how are indicators affected by the COVID-19 crisis?

To monitor the effects and impacts of the COVID crisis, **some** indicators must be revisited to better understand:

- What has changed in education delivery since the COVID crisis began?
- How will we track learning with school closures and education is delivered using alternative and new channels?
- How do these changes affect learning and learning equity?
- Who is enrolled in distance education, but not participating?
- Who is participating in distance education, but not learning?
- Which SDG 4 indicators will be affected by the new and unexpected circumstance brought upon us by the COVID crisis?



# Additional information to collect for informed decision-making

Statistical institutions may need to **report on some administrative issues**, to get a **macro picture** that will be helpful to the central government, the general public, and funding agencies:

- When is (your) country planning to close the school year? (dates)
- Are you going to require final exams as they are used during a normal school year?
- Are you promoting every student and cover their learning deficits during the next school year?
- Are you planning to implement remedial programs that would apply to the current school year?
- What are you doing with school feeding programs?
- What is the latest teacher headcount?
- What is the latest student headcount?



# Inform policy responses and measures targeted: Data needed

**Data needed to monitor the impact** of school closures on learning and the effectiveness of education policy responses:

#### 1. Tracking of school closures and reopenings

- Status of country-wide or localized school closures and reopenings
- Number of teachers affected

#### 2. Monitoring deployment of distance learning strategies

• Type and combination of distance education delivery systems (on-line, TV, radio...)

#### 3. Connectivity and context related to factors

 Households/students with access to internet, mobile or fixed line, TV, radio...

#### 4. Impact on learning achievement

Learner disengagement and drop-out

#### 5. Social and economic impact

- Number of children benefitting from school feeding programmes
- Number of teachers or other support personnel not paid on time

### 6. Various ways which the confinement has affected boys and girls



# What data are urgently need for contingency planning?

# Areas and policy dimensions of focus

Tracking school closures and reopenings

Monitoring of deployment of distance learning and strategies

Social and economic impact

#### **Education-related indicators**

- School closures
- Students not attending school
- Students not accessing distance education during the period of school closure
- Teachers unemployed and unpaid because of closures (for cases of teachers employed with low-quality contracts)
- Nutrition of students: children not receiving school meals



# Proposed indicators to monitor the impact of COVID on education (with disaggregation when possible)

#### Number and % of children:

- with distance, homebased learning, and tutoring programs
- who return to school once the school system is reopened
- radio stations, TV programs, and online platforms broadcasting emergency distance learning programs
- children whose learning was assessed to evaluate loss of learning during school closure
- children assessed during school closure who meet relevant minimum learning standards

#### Number and % of **teachers**:

- trained in using distance learning methods and/or provided materials to support distance learning
- trained to provide accelerated programs to mitigate loss of learning during school closure

Number and % of **countries**, where **parents and caregivers** are reached through mechanisms to inform parents and community leaders of distance learning content and teaching methods



# Key questions regarding data collection and indicators estimates

- 1. What are **national data strategies** regarding regular data collection?
  - Which activities have been affected?
  - How are you planning on recording usual aggregate measures on students, teachers, schools closure or changes such as learning from home with parents often taking up the role of educator)?
- 2. Are countries developing **new data collection approaches** to track and monitor the COVID-19 crisis?
  - Rapid assessment of issues to be resolved in different types of countries
  - Which indicators are you using to monitor?
  - Which variables are collected and at which frequency?
- 3. Which **indicators in the global and thematic indicator framework** will require additional data collection to **adequately monitor and report**?







# Thank you!

Learn more
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