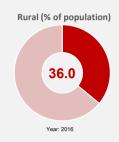


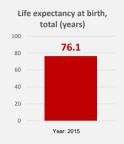


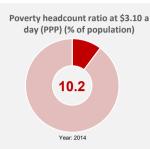
## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL (SDG) 4 COUNTRY PROFILE



## **National Context**





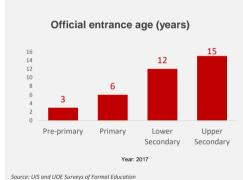


Country

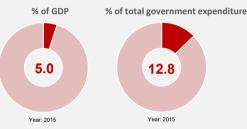
Country

Note: This section includes the main demographic and socioeconomic indicators of the country for the last available year. Sources: (1) rural population and life expectancy: UN Population Division; (2) poverty headcount ratio: World Bank.

# **Education System**







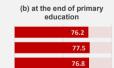
## 4.1 - Free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education

Indicator 4.1.1 - Proportion of children and young people achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in reading, by sex



Data sources





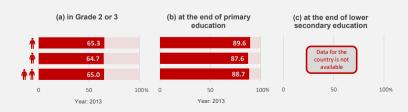


What is this? The bars represent the percentage of students in each level achie minimum proficiency level in reading and mathematics.

Minimum proficiency level (MPL) is the benchmark of basic knowledge in a domain (mathematics, reading, etc.) measured through learning assessments. Currently, there are no common standards validated by the international community or countries. The MPL used for this chart was set by each of the projects providing the data.



Indicator 4.1.1 - Proportion of children and young people achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in mathematics, by sex



Various cross-national learning assessments in d'analyse des systèmes éducatifs de la CONFEMEN (PASEC), Programme International Reading Literacy Study (PIRLS), Programme for International Student Assessment (PISA), Southern and Eastern Africa Consortium for Monitoring Educational Quality (SACMEQ), Tercer Estudio Regional Comparativo y Explicativo (TERCE) and Trends in International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS).



Sources: ERCE, PASEC, PIRLS, PISA, SACMEQ and TIMSS



# 4.2 - Quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education

Indicator 4.2.1 - Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial well-being, by sex



What is this?

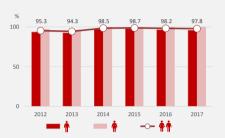


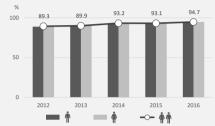
The slices represent the percentage of children aged 36-59 months who are developmentally on-track in at least three of the following four domains: literacy-numeracy – to identify at least 10 letters of the alphabet, read 4 simple words and recognise and name all numbers from 1 to 10; Physical – to pick up small objects easily and are generally well enough to play; socioemotional – to undertake simple activities independently, get along with other children and do not usually kick, bite or hit other children or adults;

and learning – participate in any type of organized learning including early childhood education, kindergarten or community care.

Source: Early Childhood Development Index from UNICEF's Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS) and USAID's Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS)

Indicator 4.2.2 - Participation rate in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age), by sex





What is this?

Country Region

(?)

The lines represent the percentage of children in the given age range who participate in one or more organized learning programmes, including programmes which offer a combination of education and care. Participation in early childhood education and in primary education are both included. The age range will vary by country depending on the official age for entry

Source: UIS and UOE Surveys of Formal Education and UN Population Division's World Population Prospects

## 4.3 - Quality TVET and tertiary education

Indicator 4.3.1 - Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, by sex







Country

### Data sources Source: National household surveys coordinated by the EU



Adult Education Survey (AES, target population 25-64 years) and OECD Survey of Adult Skills (PIAAC, target population 16-65 years).

Sources: Eurostat's Adult Education Survey (AES) and OECD's Survey of Adult Skills (PIAAC)

# 4.4 - Technical and vocational skills

Indicator 4.4.1 - Proportion of youth and adults with information and communications technology (ICT) skills, by type of skill

Proportion of youth and adults who have... (%)

folder



Connected and installed new devices



Created electronic presentation with



Data sources Source: National household surveys. Data compiled by Eurostat and International Telecommunications Union (ITU).



The percentage of the population who declared that they can copy or move a file or a folder on a desktop computer, a laptop (portable) computer or a tablet (or similar handheld computer)

The percentage of the population who clared that they can connect and instal new devices (e.g. modem, camera, printer)

The percentage of the population who declared that they can create electronic presentations with presentation software (including text, images, sound, video or charts)

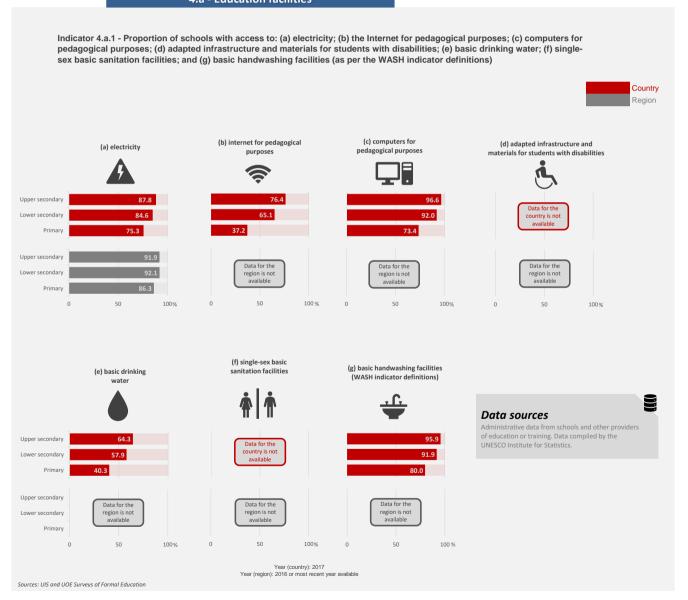
Sources: Eurostat and International Telecommunication Union (ITU)



# 4.6 - Youth and adult literacy and numeracy



## 4.a - Education facilities





# 4.b - Scholarships

